

Waikato Racing Club Consolidated Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 July 2022

This financial statement provides general information which is current at the time of production and prepared specifically for the racing clubs in New Zealand in relation to their transition to PBE IPSAS.

The information contained in this document does not constitute advice and should not be relied on as such. Professional advice should be sought prior to any action being taken in reliance on any of the information. NZRB disclaims all responsibility and liability (including, without limitation, for any direct or indirect or consequential costs, loss or damage or loss of profits) arising from anything done or omitted to be done by any party in reliance, whether wholly or partially, on any of the information. Any party that relies on the information does so at its own risk.

Waikato Racing Club Incorporated Contents of Consolidated Financial Statements

Contents of Consolidated Financial Statements	Page 1
Directory	Page 2
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses	Page 3
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity	Page 4
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	Page 5
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Page 6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	Page 7 - Page 20
Independent Auditors' Report	Page 21

Waikato Racing Club Incorporated Directory

For the Year Ended 31 July 2022

Legal name of entity:	Waikato Racing Club Incorporated
Type of entity and legal status:	Incorporated Society
Registration number:	214043
Registered office:	Te Rapa Racecourse Te Rapa Road
	HAMILTON, 3200
Nature of business:	The Waikato Racing Club is the host club conducting 18 licenses of the 20 race days held at Te Rapa Racecourse
Board of Directors:	John Elstob (Chairperson)
	Glenn Holmes
	Gilbert Southworth
	David Kneebone
	Geoff Buchan
	Marcus Corban
	Bruce Darby
	Steve Rowe
	Philip Monahan
Independent auditor:	Crowe NZ Audit Partnership
	130 Grantham Street
	Hamilton

Waikato Racing Club Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses For the year ended 31 July 2022

	Note	Group 2022 \$	Group 2021 \$
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Race meeting revenues	5	8,523,912	6,520,436
Rental income	6	1,198,269	901,112
Rendering of services	7	78,495	85,392
Other operating revenue	8	105,918	255,056
Finance revenue		379	(1,512)
Total revenue from exchange transactions		9,906,973	7,760,484
Total revenue from non exchange transactions	5	40,400	-
TOTAL REVENUE	_	9,947,373	7,760,484
Expenses			
Race meeting costs and expenses	5	7,297,371	5,638,403
Expenses from rendering of services	7	13,759	21,546
Property expenses	6	359,212	263,159
Other operating expenses	9	1,363,093	1,211,410
TOTAL EXPENSES		9,033,435	7,134,518
	_	913,938	625,966
Interest, depreciation and amortisation expense			
Depreciation and amortisation	12 & 14	388,586	430,879
Finance expense		310,480	155,155
Total interest, depreciation and amortisation expense		699,066	586,034
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		214,872	39,933
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses		-	-
Total comprehensive revenue and expenses	_	214,872	39,933



Waikato Racing Club Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity For the year ended 31 July 2022

		Group	Group
	Note	Retained earnings	Total
		\$	\$
Balance as at 31 July 2021		15,510,638	15,510,638
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year		39,933	39,933
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses for the year		-	-
Balance as at 31 July 2022		15,550,571	15,550,571
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year		214,872	214,872
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses for the year		-	-
Balance as at 31 July 2022		15,765,443	15,765,443



Waikato Racing Club Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 31 July 2022

		Group 2022	Group 2021
	Note	2022 \$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	640,786	357,550
Receivables from exchange transactions	11	69,001	47,379
GST Receivables		36,355	116,724
Prepayments		51,853	119,110
Inventories		595	595
Other current assets	13	108,846	107,376
Total current assets	_	907,436	748,734
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	10,224,866	14,440,229
Investment property	14	12,864,321	8,324,381
Total non-current assets	_	23,089,187	22,764,610
Total assets	_	23,996,623	23,513,344
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	346,955	790,902
Employee entitlements	16	79,431	62,187
Other liabilities	18	104,800	106,950
Other Financial Liabilities	17	3,300,000	3,202,734
Total current liabilities	_	3,831,186	4,162,773
Non-current liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	17	4,400,000	3,800,000
Total non-current liabilities	_	4,400,000	3,800,000
Total liabilities	=	8,231,186	7,962,773
Net assets	_ =	15,765,437	15,550,571
Net assets comprised of:			
Retained earnings	<u> </u>	15,765,437	15,550,571
Total net assets	<u>_</u>	15,765,437	15,550,571

Signed by:

Mans Carl 11/10/22

Director

11/10/22

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash was received from:			
Industry profit distribution		1,274,342	976,660
Other race meeting receipts		668,916	871,245
Grants and subsidies		40,400	· -
Fees, subscriptions and other receipts from members		29,195	28,473
Receipts from providing goods or services		1,397,651	1,193,855
Net GST received		62,616	(110,754)
			,
Cash was applied to:			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,872,761)	(2,106,976)
NZRB charges		-	
Net GST paid		-	-
Net cash flows from operating activities		600,359	852,503
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash was received from:			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			-
Cash was applied to:		(710,100)	(0.000 =00)
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(713,162)	(3,283,709)
Payments for purchase of other assets			
Net cash flows from investing activities		(713,162)	(3,283,709)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash was received from:			
Proceeds from borrowings		697,266	3,621,026
Interest		378	-
Cash was applied to:			
Finance lease liability		-	
Interest paid		(301,605)	(155,155)
Deposit and bonds repaid		-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		396,039	3,465,871
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash		283,236	1,034,665
Opening Cash		357,550	(677,115)
Closing Cash		640,786	357,550
This is represented by:			_
Cash on hand and in bank	10	640,786	357,550
	-	3.3,700	301,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		640,786	357,550
•			

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements



1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

The Waikato Racing Club Incorporated ("the Club") is an incorporated society registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908. The Waikato Racing Group consist of the Club (the parent) and its controlled entities Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership (together the Group). The limited partnerships are registered under the Limited Partnerships Act 2008, with the Club being the sole limited partner.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2022.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Principal Activities and primary objective

The primary objective of the Club is to promote, conduct and control thoroughbred racing, and the principal activity of the Club is to hold and promote race meetings on the Club's racecourse in Te Rapa Hamilton. The principal activity is supported by sponsorship income, function revenue and the rental income of investment properties which are held in the limited partnerships.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved and were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 11 October 2022. The Board of Directors does not have the power to amend these financial statements once issued.

Note 2: Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"). They comply with Public Benefit Entity International Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PBE IPSAS") and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate that have been authorised for use by the External Reporting Board for Not-For-Profit entities. For the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP, the Group is a public benefit not-for-profit entity and is eligible to apply Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE IPSAS on the basis that it does not have public accountability and it is not defined as large.

The Board of Directors have elected to report in accordance with Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE Accounting Standards and in doing so has taken advantage of all applicable Reduced Disclosure Regime ("RDR") disclosure concessions.

Note 3: Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies during the current financial year.

Note 4: Summary of accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements as set out below have been applied consistently to both years presented in these financial statements.

(a) Basis of measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

(b) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.



(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statement of the club and its controlled subsidiaries (the Group) as at 31 July 2022.

Controlled entities are all those entities over which the Club (the controlling entity) has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Club, using consistent accounting policies. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

The controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated form the date on which control is lost. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a controlled entity acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the financial statements from the date the Group gains the control until the date the Group ceases to control the controlled entity.

(d) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received. The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.

(i) Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Grant Revenue

Grant revenue includes grants given by other charitable organisations, and businesses. Grant revenue is recognised when the conditions attached to the grant has been complied with. Where there are unfulfilled conditions attaching to the grant, the amount relating to the unfulfilled condition is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

(ii) Revenue from exchange transactions

Race meeting revenue

Race meeting revenues comprise the amounts received or receivable for services provided and goods sold that directly relate to race meeting events conducted by the Club during the financial year. These primarily include industry distributions from the New Zealand Racing Board (NZRB) and the Code and other receipts that directly relate to the Club's race meeting activities from members of the Club (aside from membership fees included in other operating income) and third parties in the form of grants and subsidies.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Rental income on investment property

Rental income from investment property is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

(e) Income tax expense

The Group is exempt from New Zealand income tax pursuant to section CW 47(2) of the Income Tax Act 2007.

(f) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The Group is registered for GST. Therefore, amounts recorded in the financial statements are exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables which are inclusive of GST.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



(h) Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at the fair value of the amount to be received and subsequently measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment loss due to uncollectibility. Impairment is assessed if there is objective evidence that the customer cannot settle the amount due to the Group. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured using the cost model, at carried at cost net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Plant and machinery and office equipment are measured using the cost model.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when the Group assesses that it has no further economic benefits or service potential expected from its use. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in surplus or deficit.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on a diminishing value basis over the useful life of the asset. Depreciation is charged at rates calculated to allocate the cost of the asset less any estimated residual value over its remaining useful life. Land is not depreciated.

• Buildings: 0% - 33%

Plant and equipment: 2% - 80%
Motor vehicles: 10% - 48%
Office equipment: 2% - 67%
Capital work in progress: 0%

(k) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, for supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Investment property acquired through non-exchange transactions is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Therefore all the PBE IPSAS 17's requirements apply to the investment properties.

The group assesses the fair value of investment properties at each reporting date. Where the is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss will be recognised in surplus or deficit.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using diminishing value method to allocate an asset's cost to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The following depreciation rates have been applied:

- Land and Building: the Group's investment properties are not depreciated as the board of Trustees have made a judgement that the residual value of the property is higher than the property's carrying value at reporting date. Therefore no depreciation has been charged.
- Building Fit-out: 10%

Derecognition

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit or service potential is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in surplus or deficit in the year of retirement or disposal.



(I) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the financial instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial asset or, where applicable part of a financial asset or part similar financial assets when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or are waived, or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the assets or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party; and either:

- the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets; or
- the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

(i) Financial assets

Financial assets within the Scope of NFP PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loan and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets. The classifications of the financial assets are determined at initial recognition.

The category determines subsequent measurement and whether any resulting income and expense is recognised in surplus or deficit or in other comprehensive revenue and expenses. As at balance date, all of the Group's financial assets are classified as loans and receivables and hold-to- maturity. The Group's financial assets include: cash and cash equivalents, receivables from non-exchange transactions, receivables from exchange transactions and investments and ANZ term deposit.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for impairment.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables from exchange transactions and receivables from non-exchange transactions fall into this category of financial instruments.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets. The Group does not have any available-for-sale financial asset.

Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit

Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit include items that are either classified as held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at fair value through surplus or deficit upon initial recognition. All derivative financial instruments fall into this category, except for those designated and effective as hedging instruments or a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract.

The Group has not designated any financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit.

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold them to maturity. Held-to-maturity financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Held-to-maturity financial assets comprise ANZ term deposit.



(ii) Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other creditors and interest bearing borrowings.

All financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (plus transaction cost for financial liabilities not at fair value through surplus or deficit) and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit.

Gains and losses are recognised in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process. The effective interest rate amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expenses.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, if there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit for the reporting period.

In determining whether there are any objectives evidence of impairment, the Group first assesses whether there are objective evidence of impairment for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively significant for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that there is no objective evidence of impairment for an individually assessed financial asset, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment for impairment.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. If the reversal results in the carrying amount exceeding its amortised cost, the amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

(m) Leases

Payments on operating lease agreements, where the lessor retains substantially the risk and rewards of ownership of an asset, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(n) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, property plant and equipment and investment property, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For non-financial cash-generating assets, except for those assets that are measured using the revaluation model, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. An asset's or CGU's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.



(n) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated.

(o) Impairment of non-cash generating assets

For non-financial non-cash-generating assets, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a non-cash-generating asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of the non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expenses.

(p) Interest bearing loans and borrowings

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are classified as non-current liabilities as the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(r) Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. The uncertainty from these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability.

The Group bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements are prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. The key significant judgements and estimates used in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Board reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The Board believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at Note 12.



	Group	Group
	2022	2021
evenue from exchange transactions	\$	\$
dustry profit distribution	7,332,643	5,220,057
cceptance fees	330,278	257,440
n-course totalisator income	150,352	158,731
ace meeting sponsorships	324,524	379,348
ar sales (race meeting days related)	289,544	438,167
dmission and Privilege Revenue	41,723	32,153
ther race meeting income	54,848	34,540
otal Race meeting Revenue - Exchange	8,523,912	6,520,436
evenue from non-exchange transactions rant Received	40,400	-
otal Race Meeting revenue - Non Exchange	40,400	-
otal Race meeting Revenue	8,564,312	6,520,436
kpenditure		
akes	6,580,654	4,686,740
otaliser expenses	8,132	10,130
dvertising and promotions	37,053	63,071
rect race meeting operating costs	302,368	311,519
ace meeting sponsorship costs	9,394	22,515
ace book costs	24,196	38,860
ar, Function and Package Expenses	202,686	331,973
alaries and wages (direct)	132,888	173,595
atal race meeting costs 9 avacages	7,297,371	5,638,403
otal race meeting costs & expenses		-,,

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Rental Income		
Rental income from properties	1,003,977	722,847
Parking and field income	37,695	38,279
Other Rental income	27,916	22,530
Opex income	128,681	117,456
	1,198,269	901,112
Rental Costs		
Property Expenses	60,646	52,836
Property related	101,246	90,352
OPEX expenses	197,320	119,971
	359,212	263,159
Net property Income	839,057	637,953



Revenue from rendering of services		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Function revenue	15,920	46,772
Venue Hire revenue	62,575	38,620
Total revenue from rendering of services	78,495	85,392
Function costs	13,759	21,546
Net revenue from rendering of services	64,736	63,846
Other Operating revenue		
ther operating revenue	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Sponsorship income	50,500	39,000
lembers subscription income	29,195	28,473
undry income	0	155,765
rack revenue	26,223	31,818
otal other operating revenue	105,918	255,056
Other operating expenses		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
dministration salaries and wages	784,705	679,388
Accounting fees	32,966	34,382
udit fees - Crowe	14,490	13,566
intertainment	4,169	7,053
uel expenses	19,284	15,597
epairs and maintenance	165,683	120,977
egal and professional fees	12,489	2,643
ease expenses	34,165	34,200
oss on sale of asset	-	4,204
rigation expenses	19,819	26,255
Itilities and insurance	115,766	101,630
Stationery, printing and postage	5,021	8,863
Other expenses	137,700	144,368
elephone & computer expenses	16,836	18,284



(Bank overdraft)/Cash and cash equivalents		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
ASB Cheque account	318,587	280,329
ASB Savings account	2,551	2,548
ANZ Cheque account	116,066	72,500
ANZ Call account	201,438	1,191
ASB Business Cheque account	1,959	797
Cash floats	185	185
Total cash and cash equivalents	640,786	357,550

Receivables		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Receivables from exchange transactions		
Trade receivables	69,001	47,379
	69,001	47,379



	Note 12	Property p	lant and	l egu	ipment
--	---------	------------	----------	-------	--------

Opening balances (Gre		roup)	Current year movements (Group)				Closing balances (Group)		oup)		
		Acc.						Less		Acc.	
as at 31 July 2022	Cost /	depreciation /	Carrying		Disposals /	Impairment		Depreciation	Cost /	depreciation /	Carrying
	valuation	impairment	amount	Additions	Transfers	charges	Depreciation	on disposal	valuation	impairment	amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land and buildings	14,372,983	(4,413,320)	9,959,663	-			(302,616)		14,372,983	(4,715,936)	9,657,047
Plant and machinery	1,175,963	(755,338)	420,625	106,980			(62,200)		1,282,943	(817,538)	465,405
Office equipment	133,062	(117,147)	15,915				(2,085)		133,062	(119,232)	13,830
Vehicles	266,199	(163,843)	102,356		-		(13,774)		266,199	(177,617)	88,582
Work-in-progress	3,941,669	-	3,941,669		(3,941,669)		-			-	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,889,876	(5,449,648)	14,440,228	106,980	(3,941,669)	-	(380,675)	-	16,055,187	(5,830,323)	10,224,864

	Openi	Opening balances (Group) Current year movements (Group) Closing balances (Current year movements (Group)			ng balances (Gi	oup)		
at 31 July 2021	Cost /	Acc. depreciation /	Carrying		Disposals /	Impairment		Less Depreciation	Cost /	Acc. depreciation /	Carrying
	valuation	impairment	amount	Additions	Transfers	charges	Depreciation	on disposal	valuation	impairment	amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land and buildings	14,372,983	(4,080,374)	10,292,609	-			(332,946)		14,372,983	(4,413,320)	9,959,663
Plant and machinery	1,174,281	(695,439)	478,842	18,682	(17,000)		(70,086)	10,187	1,175,963	(755,338)	420,625
Office equipment	133,062	(114,164)	18,898				(2,983)		133,062	(117,147)	15,915
Vehicles	266,199	(147,768)	118,431				(16,075)		266,199	(163,843)	102,356
Invest. property equip	-		-						-	-	-
Work-in-progress	676,642	-	676,642	3,265,027		-	-	-	3,941,669	-	3,941,669
	16,623,167	(5,037,745)	11,585,422	3,283,709	(17,000)	-	(422,090)	10,187	19,889,876	(5,449,648)	14,440,228

Group	Group
2022	2021
\$	\$
107,376	105,646
1,470	1,730
108,846	107,376
	2022 \$ 107,376 1,470

On behalf of the James and Anne Sarten Memorial Fund, the Group holds funds in a term deposit at 31 July 2022 with the ANZ bank for which interest revenue is recognised during the term of the investment. The term deposit is due to expire on 19 September 2022. The fund is restricted for a specific purpose and is therefore rolled on an annual and continuing basis.

Investment property		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Land	2,654,944	2,654,944
Buildings	5,669,437	5,678,227
Opening balance at 1 August	8,324,381	8,333,171
Additions	606,180	0
Disposals/Transfer	3,941,669	0
Depreciation	(7,909)	(8,790)
Closing balance at 31 July	12,864,321	8,324,381

Trade and other payables	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade payables	127,919	686,139
Other payables	-	1,147
Accrued expenses	156,182	69,966
Income received in advance	62,854	33,650
Total trade and other payables	346,955	790,902

Employee entitlements		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Salaries and wages payable	3,190	3,016
Holiday pay liability	76,241	59,171
Total employee entitlements	79,431	62,187



' Otl	ner financial liabilities		
		Group	Group
		2022	2021
		\$	\$
Cu	rrent financial liabilities		
Cui	rrent interest-bearing loans and borrowings	3,300,000	3,202,734
No	n-current financial liabilities		
No	n-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	4,400,000	3,800,000
		7,700,000	7,002,734
		,,	,,-

The Group has term borrowings with the ASB Bank with a total value of \$7.7 million, of which \$3.3 million is due to mature in December 2022 and \$4.4 million is due to mature in March 2024. The loans bear interest rate of 5.5% and 5.56% per year (2021: 3.2%). The Group has undrawn interest bearing loans and borrowing facilities at 31 July 2022 of \$300k. All banking covenants associated with interest bearing loans and borrowings have been complied with at 31 July 2022. The ASB Bank has confirmed their intention to rollover the \$3.3m funding due to be repaid in December 2022 for a further 24 month term.

Security:

These borrowings are secured by a first charge over land and buildings held as the Group's investment property with carrying value of \$12.8 million (2021: \$8.3 million). Together with general security deeds over all assets of Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership.

Other liabilities	One	0
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Funds held in the Group	100,000	100,000
Deposits and bonds	4,800	6,950
Total other liabilities	104,800	106,950
Categories of financial assets and liabilities		
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financial Assets		
Loans and Receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	640,786	357,550
Receivables from exchange transactions	69,001	47,379
	709,787	404,929
I lade to section to		
Held to maturity Other current financial assets	400.040	407.070
Other current financial assets	108,846	107,376
	108,846	107,376
	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	346,955	790,902
Funds held in Group	100,000	100,000
Deposits and bonds	4,800	6,950
Bank loans	7,700,000	7,002,734



20 Commitment and contingencies

1) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments - Group as lessee

As at reporting date, the Group has entered into various non-cancellable operating lease contracts with a term averaging between 3 - 5 years for the motor vehicles and peripherals building and office equipment. Operating lease payments are recognised as an operating expense in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The following table shows the minimum rental payables relating to the lease contracts as at reporting date:

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Within one year	19,642	32,915
After one year but not more than five years	1,564	20,515
More than five years	-	-
	21,206	53,430

2) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

As at reporting date, the Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio consisting of the Group's office buildings. These non-cancellable leases have remaining terms of between five and twenty years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charges on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions.

Future minimum rentals receivables under non cancellable leases at 31 July 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Within 1 year	1,040,886	708,254
After 1 year but not more than 5 years	1,712,353	1,712,353
More than 5 years	1,836,568	14,795
	4,589,807	2,435,402

3) Capital commitments

The Club has no capital commitments as the new Childcare Facility has been completed.

4) Contingencies

The Group has no contingent liabilities or assets as of 31 July 2022 (2021: Nil)

21 Related party transactions

Waikato Racing Club own 100% of Mainstreet Place Limited Partnership and Sir Tristram Avenue Limited Partnership.

The Group's transactions with its related party entities are interest free and are made on normal terms. As of reporting date, the Group has no impaired receivables from related parties.

The Key management personnel as defined by PBE IPSAS 20 Related Party Disclosure are the members of the governing body which is comprised of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Management Team who exercise control or significant influence over the financial and operating decision making of the Group. No remuneration is paid to Directors on the Board. The aggregate remuneration of key management personnel and the number of individuals determined on a full-time equivalent basis receiving remuneration is as follows:

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Total remuneration	452,656	395,745
Number of persons	3.0	3.0

During the reporting period, the total remuneration and compensation of \$3,648 (2021: \$870) was provided by the Group to employees who are close family members of key management personnel



21 Related party transactions (Continued)

Transaction with the Directors:

During the 2022 financial year, the following transactions incurred with the Directors.

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Sponsorship received from John Elstob	-	2,300
Membership fees received from John Elstob	125	125
Package sales and function fees from John Elstob	280	11,388
Membership fees received from Marcus Corban	125	125
Package sales and function fees from Marcus Corban	5,300	495
Membership fees received from David Kneebone	125	125
Package sales and function fees from David Kneebone	-	1,600
Sponsorship received from David Kneebone	-	500
Membership fees received from Geoff Buchan	125	125
Membership fees received from Steve Rowe	125	125
Membership fees received from Philip Monahan	125	-
Package sales and function fees from Geoff Buchan	5,200	-
Sponsorship received from SVS	24,000	-
Package sales and function fees from SVS	22,000	-
Membership fees received from Glenn Holmes	125	125
Membership fees received from Bruce Darby	125	125
Package sales and function fees from Bruce Darby	300	-
Package sales and function fees from Gilbert Southworth	1,820	-
Membership fees received from Gilbert Southworth	125	-
Expenses incurred on behalf of Gilbert Southworth	-	300

22 Events after the reporting date

No events noted after the reporting which have impacted the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2022 (31 July 2021: None).





Crowe New Zealand Audit Partnership

Level 3, Bridgewater Building, 130 Grantham Street Hamilton 3204 C/- Crowe Mail Centre Private Bag 90106 Invercargill 9840 New Zealand

Main +64 7 838 2180 Fax +64 7 838 2181 www.crowe.nz

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WAIKATO RACING CLUB INCORPORATED

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Waikato Racing Club Incorporated and its controlled entities (the "Group") on pages 3 to 20, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 July 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, consolidated statement of changes in net assets/equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 July 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand)* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, Waikato Racing Club Incorporated or any of its controlled entities.

Executive Committee's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The executive committee are responsible on behalf of the Group for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as the Executive Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Executive Committee are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Executive Committee either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd, trading as Crowe Australasia is a member of Crowe Global, a Swiss verein. Each member firm of Crowe Global is a separate and independent legal entity. Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd and its affiliates are not responsible or liable for any acts or omissions of Crowe Global or any other member of Crowe Global. Crowe Global does not render any professional services and does not have an ownership or partnership interest in Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd.

Services are provided by Crowe New Zealand Audit Partnership an affiliate of Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (NZ), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Executive Committee and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for the audit opinion.

We communicate with the Executive Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.



Restriction on Use

This report is made solely to the Members of the Waikato Racing Club Incorporated, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Members of the Waikato Racing Club Incorporated those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Waikato Racing Club Incorporated and the members of the Waikato Racing Club Incorporated as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Crowe New Zealand Audit Partnership Hamilton, New Zealand

11 October 2022